

COLLECTION

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problems in the scientific activities of young
researchers and students: theory and
practice

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Innovation, integration and modern problems in the scientific activities of young
researchers and students: theory and practice collection of materials of the
international scientific and practical conference on the topic

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In the collection of materials of the conference, the role and role of Science, Education and production in the era of globalization, the pressing problems of the issues of interaction of these processes, feedback on their solutions were presented by mature specialists of the field.

In addition, research on the scientific and practical topic, carried out in the economics, Exact Sciences, Natural Sciences and socio-humanities during the globalization period, information is presented in the scientific and practical fields, which includes the latest innovative technologies in the fields of production.

It can be argued that this collection is one of the specific intersections of current thoughts and innovative ideas of the world of science. This scientific and practical conference was actively attended by professors and scientific researchers engaged in scientific research in Uzbekistan and foreign countries. In increasing the position of the scientific and practical conference, the professors and teachers of domestic and foreign higher educational institutions made a significant contribution.

Professors and teachers of foreign higher educational institutions who actively participated in the work of the conference made a worthy contribution to the high level of interaction with scientists of our country. The processes of international cooperation with foreign countries and exchange with them in the field of Science in the era of globalization have a positive effect on the development of Higher Education, the fields of Science and production. The materials of this conference are special in that they include a wide range of research, from theoretical developments to practical solutions, demonstrating the diversity of approaches and directions in this area.

In conclusion, it should be noted that this scientific and practical conference will be a very useful collection for everyone who is interested in modern research in the fields of further development of Higher Education, Science, Education and production in the era of globalization. The authors are responsible for the content and quality of the articles and abstracts included in the collection.

JAMIYAT IQTISODIY TARAQQIYOTIDA TURIZMNING O'RNI

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Annotsatsiya. Ushbu tezisdagi jamiyat iqtisodiy taraqqiyotida turizm sohasining o'rnini va ahamiyatini tahlil qilinadi. Turizm mamlakat iqtisodiyotini rivojlantirishda muhim omil bo'lib, yangi ish o'rinlari yaratish, hududiy infratuzilmani rivojlantirish va davlat byudjetiga tushumlarni oshirishga xizmat qiladi. Shuningdek, turizm milliy madaniyat va tarixiy merosni dunyoga tanitish, xalqaro aloqalarni mustahkamlashda ham muhim rol o'ynaydi. Tadqiqotda turizmning iqtisodiy samaradorligi hamda uning jamiyat rivojiga ta'siri yoritilgan.

Kalit so'zlar: Turizm, yashil iqtisodiyot, ekologiya, barqaror rivojlanish,

Turizm boshqa sohalarga nisbatan tez taraqqiy etadigan tarmoqdir, chunki bu soha mamlakatimiz uchun unchalik katta investisiyani talab qilmasdan rivojlanishi mumkin bo'lgan sohadir. Boshqa sohalarda, jumladan havo, temiryo'l, avtomobil transporti, ovqatlanish va savdo shahobchalari, mehmonxonalar rivoj topsa o'sha joyda turistik ob'ektlar mavjud bo'lsa bema'lol turizmni rivojlantirish mumkin.

Turizm - fransuzcha tour- sayr, sayohat, sayyohlik- sayohat qilish, faol dam olish turlaridan biri. Turizm deganda jismoniy shaxsning doimiy istiqomat joyidan sog'lomlashtirish, ma'rifiy, kasbiyamaliy yoki boshqa maqsadlarda borilgan joyda haq to'lanadigan faoliyat bilan shug'ullanmagan holda uzog'i bilan 1 yil muddatga jo'nab ketish tushuniladi.

Turizm sohasidagi mutaxassislarning fikricha, u XXI asrda dunyo miqyosida eng ustuvor foyda keltiruvchi sohaga aylanadi. Hozir u dunyo bo'yicha avtomobilsozlik va neftni qayta ishlash sohasidan keyin uchinchi o'rinni egallab turibdi. Bu soha dunyo sanoati va qishloq xo'jaligidan o'zib ketdi. Turizmning tez rivojlanishiga yana bir sabab, u yuqori darajadagi katta ilmiy tadqiqot xarajatini (научоёмкий) va quvvatni ko'p sarf qiladigan (энергоёмкий) texnologiyani talab qilmaydi. Biroq, turizm boshqa sohalarni rivojlantirishni taqozo qiladi. Shu tufayli ushbu soha bilan ko'pgina xizmat ko'rsatuvchi sohalarda bir-biri bilan uzviy bog'liq ravishda rivoj topmog'i lozim.

Ko'pgina mamlakatlarda turizm davlat iqtisodiyotining rivojlangan sohasi hisoblanadi. Chunki turli mamlakatlarga sayohat qilishni istamaydigan inson bo'lmas kerak. Bugungi kunda jahon turizm bozori qariyb 9 trillion dollarni tashkil etmoqda. Bundan ko'rinib turibdiki, har bir davlat o'z kelajagi va rivoji uchun sarmoya kiritishi zarur. Dunyoda ish bilan band aholining har o'ninchisi ushbu

sohada faoliyat yuritmoqda. Shu sababli ham eng ko‘zga ko‘rinadigan soha turizm sohasi hisoblanadi.

Hammamizga ma'lumki bir necha yillar davomida butun dunyoda turizm sohasi rivojlanib kelmoqda. Har bir davlatning ichki va tashqi iqtisodiyatini mana shu turizm sohasi yuksak darajalarga olib chiqmoqda. Har bir davlat o‘z kelajagi va rivoji uchun mana shu sohaga sarmoya ya'ni investitsiya kiritmoqda. Sarmoya kiritilmagan ish hech qachon rivojlanmaydi, u ishda yuksaklik bo‘lmaydi.

Turizm jahon iqtisodiyotining yetakchi tarmoqlaridan biri bo‘lib, milliy iqtisodiyotga yuqori daromad keltiradigan istiqbolli soha hisoblanadi.

Turizm dunyo yalpi ichki mahsulotining taxminan 5%ini tashkil etadi, rivojlangan mamlakatlarda deyarli 10% aholi turizm sohasi bilan band. COVID-19 pandemiyasi oqibatida turizm sohasi eng katta talofat ko‘rgan tarmoqlardan hisoblanadi. Jahon turizm tashkilotining ma'lumotlariga ko‘ra, 2020-yilda xalqaro turizm 72%ga yoki turizm xizmatlaridan tushumlar 1,1 trillion dollarga kamayib, 1990-yil darajasiga tushib qoldi. Natijada 935 mlrd dollar miqdorida eksport daromadlari yo‘qotildi. [1].

Har bir davlatning rivojlanish tarixiga nazar soladigan bo‘lsak, albatta turizm bilan bog‘liq bo‘ladi. Har bir davlat o‘z yurtini butun dunyoga tanitish uchun ham o‘zining turizm sohasini yetarli ehtiyojlar bilan ta'minlaydi.

Biz bu maqolani to‘liq yoritib berish jarayonida turizmning qadimgi davrlardan buyon to hozirgacha rivojlanib kelayotganiga amin bo‘ldik. Shunday ekan, biz qanday sohaga qiziqishimizdan qat'iy nazar turizm sohasi bilan o‘zimizning hayotiy faoliyatimizni bog‘lashimiz zarur. Oxirgi 3-4 yildan buyon turizm sohasiga qaratilayotgan e'tibor juda ham katta. Bu sohaga kirib kelgan inson hech qachon uni tark eta olmaydi.

O‘z rivoji uchun sarmoya kiritgan har bir davlat kelgusi yillarda rivojlangan davlatlar orasida eng yuqori darajani egallaydi. Biz ham o‘z ajdodlarimizdan qolgan merosni butun dunyoga tanitishimiz lozim. Bugungi kunda hukumat tomonidan turizm sohasini modernizatsiya qilish, davlatda transport va mehmonxona infrastrukturasi yaxshilash, hamda turizmda normativ-huquqiy bazani mukammallashtirish sohalarida ulkan ishlar amalga oshirilmoqda.

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