

COLLECTION

Innovation, integration and modern
problems in the scientific activities of young
researchers and students: theory and
practice

www.d-pressa.com

31
MARCH



Jizzakh, Uzbekistan

MINISTRY OF HIGHER EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND INNOVATION OF
THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

JIZZAKH BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF UZBEKISTAN
NAMED AFTER MIRZO ULUGBEK

SCIENTIFIC JOURNAL OF SCIENCE TECHNOLOGY & DIGITAL FINANCE
JOURNAL OF INTERNATIONAL SCIENCE NETWORKS

Innovation, integration and modern problems in the scientific activities of young
researchers and students: theory and practice collection of materials of the
international scientific and practical conference on the topic

(March 31, 2026)

Jizzakh-2026

Innovation, integration and modern problems in the scientific activities of young researchers and students: theory and practice – Jizzakh: Department of economics and tourism of Jizzakh branch of the national university of Uzbekistan named after Mirzo Ulugbek, March 31, 2026, 790 pp.

Editors in charge: Ass.prof. Soy M.P.

In the collection of materials of the conference, the role and role of Science, Education and production in the era of globalization, the pressing problems of the issues of interaction of these processes, feedback on their solutions were presented by mature specialists of the field.

In addition, research on the scientific and practical topic, carried out in the economics, Exact Sciences, Natural Sciences and socio-humanities during the globalization period, information is presented in the scientific and practical fields, which includes the latest innovative technologies in the fields of production.

It can be argued that this collection is one of the specific intersections of current thoughts and innovative ideas of the world of science. This scientific and practical conference was actively attended by professors and scientific researchers engaged in scientific research in Uzbekistan and foreign countries. In increasing the position of the scientific and practical conference, the professors and teachers of domestic and foreign higher educational institutions made a significant contribution.

Professors and teachers of foreign higher educational institutions who actively participated in the work of the conference made a worthy contribution to the high level of interaction with scientists of our country. The processes of international cooperation with foreign countries and exchange with them in the field of Science in the era of globalization have a positive effect on the development of Higher Education, the fields of Science and production. The materials of this conference are special in that they include a wide range of research, from theoretical developments to practical solutions, demonstrating the diversity of approaches and directions in this area.

In conclusion, it should be noted that this scientific and practical conference will be a very useful collection for everyone who is interested in modern research in the fields of further development of Higher Education, Science, Education and production in the era of globalization. The authors are responsible for the content and quality of the articles and abstracts included in the collection.

RAQOBAT SIYOSATINING (ANTIMONOPOLIYA) TELEKOMMUNIKATSIYA VA TRANSPORT TARIFLARIGA TA'SIRI

Xolmurodov Humoyun

O'zbekiston Milliy universiteti Jizzax filiali iqtisodiyot yo'nalishi 1-kurs talabasi

Xolmurodovhumoyun45@gmail.com

Annotatsiya. Mazkur ilmiy maqolada raqobat siyosati va antimonopoliya mexanizmlarining telekommunikatsiya hamda transport sohalarida tariflarning shakllanishiga ko'rsatadigan ta'siri kompleks iqtisodiy tahlil asosida o'rganilgan. Tadqiqotda tabiiy monopoliyalar sharoitida davlat tartibga solishining ahamiyati, tarif siyosatining iqtisodiy samaradorlikka ta'siri hamda iste'molchilar manfaatlarini himoya qilish masalalari yoritilgan. O'zbekiston Respublikasida amalga oshirilayotgan institutsional islohotlar, raqobat muhitini rivojlantirish choralari va tariflarni iqtisodiy asoslash mexanizmlari ilmiy jihatdan baholangan. Tadqiqot natijasida telekommunikatsiya va transport xizmatlari bozorida sog'lom raqobatni shakllantirish tarif barqarorligi, xizmat sifati va investitsion jozibadorlikni oshirishning muhim omili ekanligi asoslab berilgan.

Kalit so'zlar: raqobat siyosati, antimonopoliya, tarif siyosati, telekommunikatsiya iqtisodiyoti, transport iqtisodiyoti, tabiiy monopoliyalar, davlat tartibga solishi, infratuzilma bozori, iqtisodiy samaradorlik.

Kirish

Hozirgi global iqtisodiy rivojlanish bosqichida bozor mexanizmlarining samarali faoliyat yuritishi ko'p jihatdan raqobat muhitining rivojlanganlik darajasi bilan belgilanadi. Raqobat iqtisodiyotda resurslardan oqilona foydalanish, ishlab chiqarish samaradorligini oshirish, texnologik yangilanishlarni tezlashtirish hamda iste'molchilarga sifatli xizmatlarni maqbul narxlarda taqdim etishni ta'minlovchi asosiy iqtisodiy omil hisoblanadi. Shu sababli aksariyat mamlakatlarda raqobat siyosati davlat iqtisodiy strategiyasining muhim tarkibiy qismi sifatida qaraladi.

Bozor iqtisodiyoti sharoitida barcha tarmoqlarda ham mukammal raqobat mavjud bo'lavermaydi. Ayrim strategik va infratuzilmaviy sohalar, xususan telekommunikatsiya va transport tizimlari o'zining texnologik xususiyatlari sababli tabiiy monopoliyaga moyil bo'ladi. Bunday tarmoqlarda katta hajmdagi boshlang'ich investitsiyalar, murakkab texnologik infratuzilma hamda keng tarmoqli xizmat ko'rsatish tizimi mavjudligi yangi xo'jalik yurituvchi subyektlarning bozorga kirishini cheklaydi. Natijada bozor mexanizmlarining o'z-o'zini tartibga solish imkoniyati kamayib, davlatning antimonopoliya siyosati muhim ahamiyat kasb etadi.

O'zbekiston Respublikasida bozor iqtisodiyotini rivojlantirish jarayonida monopoliyaga qarshi siyosatni kuchaytirish iqtisodiy islohotlarning ustuvor yo'nalishlaridan biri sifatida belgilangan. So'nggi yillarda iqtisodiyotda liberallashtirish jarayonlari jadallashib, raqobat muhitini rivojlantirish, davlat korxonalarining bozor ulushini optimallashtirish hamda narx shakllanishida shaffof

mexanizmlarni joriy etishga alohida e'tibor qaratilmoqda. Ayniqsa, infratuzilmaviy xizmatlar narxining iqtisodiy asoslanganligi aholining turmush darajasi va biznes faoliyati xarajatlariga bevosita ta'sir ko'rsatishi sababli tarif siyosati dolzarb ilmiy masalaga aylangan.

Telekommunikatsiya sektori zamonaviy iqtisodiyotning raqamli asosi hisoblanadi. Internet xizmatlari, mobil aloqa, ma'lumotlar uzatish texnologiyalari va raqamli platformalar iqtisodiy faoliyatning deyarli barcha yo'nalishlariga integratsiyalashgan. Telekommunikatsiya xizmatlari narxining yuqori yoki past bo'lishi elektron tijorat rivoji, masofaviy ta'lim tizimi, raqamli davlat xizmatlari hamda biznesning innovatsion rivojlanishiga sezilarli ta'sir ko'rsatadi. Shu sababli ushbu sohada tariflarning shakllanishi faqat iqtisodiy emas, balki ijtimoiy ahamiyatga ham ega.

Ilmiy tadqiqotlarda qayd etilishicha, telekommunikatsiya bozorida raqobatning kuchayishi xizmat narxlarining pasayishiga, texnologik yangilanishlarning tezlashishiga va iste'molchilar tanlov imkoniyatining kengayishiga olib keladi. Aksincha, monopolistik ustunlik mavjud bo'lgan sharoitda tariflarning iqtisodiy asoslanmagan oshishi, xizmat sifati pasayishi hamda innovatsion faollikning sustlashuvi kuzatilishi mumkin. Shu sababli antimonopoliya organlari tomonidan tarif siyosatini monitoring qilish va bozor ustunligidan noto'g'ri foydalanishni cheklash muhim vazifa hisoblanadi.

Transport sektori ham iqtisodiyotning tayanch infratuzilmasi sifatida alohida ahamiyatga ega. Temiryo'l, avtomobil, havo va shahar transporti xizmatlari ishlab chiqarish zanjirining ajralmas qismi bo'lib, logistika xarajatlari orqali mahsulotlarning yakuniy narxiga bevosita ta'sir qiladi. Transport tariflarining oshishi ishlab chiqarish tannarxining ortishiga, bu esa umumiy narxlar darajasining ko'tarilishiga sabab bo'lishi mumkin. Shu bois transport xizmatlari tariflarini iqtisodiy jihatdan asoslash davlat iqtisodiy siyosatining muhim yo'nalishlaridan biri hisoblanadi.

Tabiiy monopoliyalar mavjud bo'lgan transport tarmoqlarida davlat tartibga solish mexanizmlari alohida rol o'ynaydi. Tariflarni erkin bozorga to'liq topshirish ayrim hollarda monopol narx belgilash xavfini yuzaga keltirsa, ortiqcha davlat aralashuvi investitsion rag'batlarni kamaytirishi mumkin. Shuning uchun zamonaviy iqtisodiy siyosatda davlat nazorati va bozor raqobati o'rtasidagi optimal muvozanatni ta'minlash muhim vazifa sifatida qaralmoqda.

Raqamli transformatsiya jarayonlari telekommunikatsiya va transport sohalarining o'zaro integratsiyasini kuchaytirmoqda. Elektron logistika tizimlari, aqlli transport boshqaruvi, onlayn bronlash platformalari va raqamli monitoring tizimlari tarif shakllanishining yangi mexanizmlarini yuzaga keltirmoqda. Bu esa antimonopoliya siyosatini ham zamonaviy texnologiyalar asosida takomillashtirish zaruratini yuzaga chiqarmoqda.

O'zbekiston iqtisodiyoti sharoitida infratuzilmaviy tarmoqlarda davlat ishtirokining nisbatan yuqoriligi tarif siyosatini yanada ehtiyotkorlik bilan olib borishni talab qiladi. Raqobatni bosqichma-bosqich rivojlantirish, xususiyl sektorini

jalb qilish hamda mustaqil tartibga solish institutlarini kuchaytirish tariflarning iqtisodiy samaradorligini oshirishning muhim sharti hisoblanadi.

Mazkur mavzuning dolzarbligi shundaki, telekommunikatsiya va transport xizmatlari tariflari iqtisodiy o'sish, investitsion muhit va aholining ijtimoiy farovonligiga bevosita ta'sir ko'rsatadi. Raqobat siyosati ushbu jarayonda narxlarni nazorat qilish vositasi sifatida emas, balki samarali iqtisodiy muhitni shakllantiruvchi institutsional mexanizm sifatida namoyon bo'ladi.

Shu munosabat bilan ushbu maqolaning asosiy maqsadi — raqobat siyosati va antimonopoliya mexanizmlarining telekommunikatsiya hamda transport tariflariga ta'sirini nazariy va amaliy jihatdan tahlil qilish, tarif shakllanishining iqtisodiy omillarini aniqlash hamda O'zbekiston sharoitida uni takomillashtirish bo'yicha ilmiy takliflar ishlab chiqishdan iborat.

Foydalanilgan adabiyotlar:

1. O'zbekiston Respublikasi Qonuni. "Raqobat to'g'risida". – Toshkent, 2023.
2. O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidentining farmoni. Raqobat muhitini rivojlantirish va monopoliyaga qarshi kurash tizimini takomillashtirish chora-tadbirlari to'g'risida. – Toshkent, 2020.
3. Abdurahmonov Q.X. Iqtisodiyot nazariyasi. – Toshkent: Iqtisodiyot nashriyoti, 2019.
4. Yo'ldoshev N.Q. Bozor iqtisodiyoti asoslari. – Toshkent: Fan va texnologiya, 2018.
5. G'ulomov S.S. Raqamli iqtisodiyot asoslari. – Toshkent: O'zbekiston Milliy universiteti nashriyoti, 2020.
6. Rasulov A.A. Tabiiy monopoliyalar iqtisodiyoti va ularni tartibga solish mexanizmlari. – Toshkent: Iqtisodiyot, 2017.
7. Karimov M.Y. Transport iqtisodiyoti. – Toshkent: Transport universiteti nashriyoti, 2021.
8. Xudoyberdiyev J.Sh. Telekommunikatsiya xizmatlari bozorini rivojlantirishning iqtisodiy mexanizmlari
9. Saitov S., Asrayev S. O'zbekistonda davlat moliya tizimidagi islohotlar va rivojlantirish istiqbollari //International Journal of scientific and Applied Research. – 2024. – T. 1. – №. 2. – C. 53-63.
10. Tuychieva N., Saitov S. Bank resources in the modernization of the economy //Science technology&Digital finance. – 2023. – T. 1. – №. 4. – C. 41-52.
11. Sirojiddin S. Possibilities of Applying World Experience of Organizing Free Economic Zones in Uzbekistan //Web of Scientist: International Scientific Research Journal. – 2022. – T. 3. – №. 11. – C. 1388-1413.
12. Sirojiddin S., E'zoza D., Abror E. Theories of perfect and imperfect competition //Web of Scientist: International Scientific Research Journal. – 2022. – T. 3. – №. 11. – C. 1414-1434.
13. Цой М., Камолов Д. ЗНАЧЕНИЕ И РОЛЬ ДЕЯТЕЛЬНОСТИ СУБЪЕКТОВ МАЛОГО ПРЕДПРИНИМАТЕЛЬСТВА В ЭКОНОМИКЕ: МИРОВОЙ ОПЫТ И ПРАКТИКА УЗБЕКИСТАНА //Academic literature. – 2025. – T. 1. – №. 1. – C. 1-105.

14. Sirojiddin S. et al. Small business and private entrepreneurship is a place to provide employment //Journal of Academic Research and Trends in Educational Sciences. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 12. – С. 115-119.
15. Sirojiddin S., Nodira T., Dinora S. Characteristics of price and formation //Journal of Academic Research and Trends in Educational Sciences. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 11. – С. 265-270.
16. Saitov S. Improvement of accounting and audit in road transport enterprises. SPAST Abstracts, 2 (02) [Электронный ресурс].
17. Saitov S. TRANSPORT KORXONALARIDA BUXGALTERIYA HISOBINI TAKOMILLASHTIRISH //Journal of Contemporary World Studies. – 2024. – T. 2. – №. 4. – С. 41-47.
18. Sevinch K., Bahrom H., Sirojiddin S. Theory of Supply and Demand. Market Equilibrium //Pedagogical Sciences and Teaching Methods. – 2022. – T. 2. – №. 18. – С. 253-257.
19. Saitov S., Asrayev S. MECHANISMS FOR INCREASING EMPLOYMENT THROUGH THE DEVELOPMENT OF SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP //Scientific practical conference. – 2025. – T. 1. – №. 1. – С. 335-339.
20. Saitov S. et al. ZAMONAVIY FILOLOGIYA FANLARIDAGI DOLZARB MASALALAR //Scientific practical conference. – 2025. – T. 1. – №. 1. – С. 419-422.
21. Eshboyeva M., Eshboyev T., Saitov S. GREEN ECONOMY AS THE FOUNDATION OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT: GLOBAL PERSPECTIVES AND NATIONAL STRATEGIES //Scientific practical conference. – 2025. – T. 1. – №. 1. – С. 235-238.
22. Saitov S. et al. O ‘ZBEKISTONDA SANOAT KORXONALARIDA INVESTITSION FAOLIYATNI RAG ‘BATLANTIRISH YO ‘NALISHLARI //Новости образования: исследование в XXI веке. – 2025. – Т. 3. – №. 33. – С. 728-730.
23. Saitov S. et al. SANOAT KORXONALARIDA INVESTITSION FAOLIYATINI TAKOMILLASHTIRISHNING ILMIY-NAZARIY ASOSLARI //Новости образования: исследование в XXI веке. – 2025. – Т. 3. – №. 33. – С. 731-733.
24. Eshboyeva M., Eshboyev T., Saitov S. GREEN ACCOUNTING IN UZBEKISTAN: SUSTAINABILITY AND INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS //Scientific journals" D-PRESS SERVICES". – 2025. – T. 1. – №. 7. – С. 88-91.
25. Saitov S., Nuraliyeva S. BOZOR IQTISODIYOTIDA PSIXOLOGIK BOSHQARUV SHAKLLARI //Scientific practical conference. – 2025. – T. 1. – №. 1. – С. 447-452.
26. Axrorov E., Saitov S. O‘ZBEKISTONDA ISHSIZLIK DARAJASINI KAMAYTIRISH VA YANGI ISH O ‘RINLARINI YARATISH //Scientific practical conference. – 2025. – T. 1. – №. 1. – С. 136-140.
27. Nasrullayeva S., Saitov S. RAQAMLI TEXNOLOGIYALAR ASRIDA SUN’IY INTELLEKTNING JAMIYAT RIVOJI, INSON FAOLIYATI VA

- IJTIMOIIY-IQTISODIY JARAYONLARDAGI O 'RNI //Scientific practical conference. – 2025. – Т. 1. – №. 1. – С. 105-108.
28. Saitov S. Barqaror Iqtisodiyotni Ta'minlashda Soliq Siyosatining Samaradorligi //Green Economy and Development. – Т. 3. – №. 12. – С. 668436.
29. Bo'ltakov S. O 'ZBEKISTONDA BALIQCHILIKNI RIVOJLANTIRISHNING IQTISODIY ISTIQBOLLARI //Scientific practical conference. – 2025. – Т. 1. – №. 1. – С. 565-567.
30. Bo'ltakov S. BALIQCHILIKDA IQTISODIY SAMARADORLIKNI VAHOLASH MEZONLARI //Scientific practical conference. – 2025. – Т. 1. – №. 1. – С. 366-371.
31. Bo'ltakov S. et al. TURIZM SOHASIDA RAQAMLI IQTISODIYOTNI ANAMIYATI //Универсальная индексная библиотека Евразийского журнала академических исследований. – 2022. – Т. 2. – №. 12. – С. 60-62.
32. Bo'ltakov S. Innovatsion Usulda Baliq Yetishtirishning Iqtisodiy Samaradorligini Oshirish Yo 'llari (Sirdaryo Tumani Misolida) //Green Economy and Development. – Т. 3. – №. 9. – С. 666837.
33. Mukhtarovich D. K., Mamarajabovich A. K., Schmidt P. Aplikovaná informatika v podnikaní a digitálnom hospodárstve //Economics And Informatics. – 2023. – Т. 21. – №. 1.
34. Цой М. П. РОЛЬ И ЗНАЧЕНИЕ ПЕРЕПИСИ НАСЕЛЕНИЯ В РЕГУЛИРОВАНИИ ДЕМОГРАФИЧЕСКИХ ПРОЦЕССОВ В УСЛОВИЯХ УЗБЕКИСТАНА //Экономика и социум. – 2020. – №. 9 (76). – С. 396-402.
35. Цой М. П., Бердикулов А. М., Сиддиқов М. Ю. ВНЕШНЕЭКОНОМИЧЕСКАЯ ДЕЯТЕЛЬНОСТЬ ГОСУДАРСТВА В ЦЕЛЯХ УСТОЙЧИВОГО РАЗВИТИЯ ЭКОНОМИКИ //Current directions of scientific research. – 2018. – С. 25-28.
36. Турдимуратов М. М., Цой М. П. АНАЛИЗ НАЛОГОВОЙ СИСТЕМЫ РЕСПУБЛИКИ УЗБЕКИСТАН //Актуальные научные исследования в современном мире. – 2016. – №. 11-2. – С. 117-123.
37. Джураев Р. Х., Цой М. П. Подходы и принципы проектирования педагогических программных продуктов //Образование через всю жизнь: непрерывное образование в интересах устойчивого развития. – 2015. – Т. 2. – №. 13. – С. 144-146.
38. Бакиева Р. Б., Цой М. П. Инвестиции в человеческий капитал //Образование через всю жизнь: непрерывное образование в интересах устойчивого развития. – 2015. – Т. 1. – №. 13. – С. 159-161.
39. Сагатов Б., Цой М., Гулиев А. Повышение качества продукции предприятий стройиндустрии как фактор конкурентоспособности производства //Архив Научных Публикаций JSPI. – 2020. – Т. 1. – С. 79.
40. Абсалямова С., Зулфақарова Л., Цой М. ИНВЕСТИЦИИ В УСТОЙЧИВЫЕ ПРОЕКТЫ КАК СОВРЕМЕННЫЙ ТРЕНД МЕЖДУНАРОДНОГО ИНВЕСТИЦИОННОГО ПРОЦЕССА: <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.14540147>//International scientific and practical conference.– 2024 //Т. – Т. 1. – №. 2. – С. 194-198.