



Publisher:
Fast support and result LLC

STDF

Science technology & Digital Finance

VOLUME|3 ISSUE|5
NOVEMBER|2025



VOLUME / 3 ISSUE / 5 NOVEMBER / 2025

ТОМ / 3 ВЫПУСК / 5 НОЯБРЬ / 2025

JILD / 3 SON / 5 NOYABR / 2025

Davriy nashrning rasmiy nomi: “Science technology & Digital finance” O`zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti Administratsiyasi huzuridagi Axborot va ommaviy kommunikatsiyalar agentligi tomonidan 17.08.2023 sanada berilgan №116083 guvohnomasi bilan ro`yxatdan o`tgan.

Jurnal asoschilari: “Fast support and result” nashriyoti.

Xalqaro indeksi: ISSN 2992-9199.



Science technology & Digital finance

journal homepage: <https://bestjournalup.com/index.php/stdf>

THE ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

Teshaboyeva Nafisa

Teacher of the Jizzakh branch of the National University of Uzbekistan named after Mirzo Ulugbek



Muxtorova Ruxshona

Student of the Jizzakh branch of the National University of Uzbekistan named after Mirzo Ulugbek

Annotatsiya

O'zbekiston Respublikasi Qurolli Kuchlari 1992-yilda mustaqillik e'lon qilinganidan so'ng tashkil etilgan bo'lib, mamlakat suvereniteti, hududiy yaxlit56ligi va aholining tinch hayotini himoya qilishga qaratilgan. Ular quruqlik qo'shinlari, havo hujumidan mudofaa va harbiy havo kuchlaridan iborat bo'lib, Milliy gvardiya, chegara qo'shinlari va maxsus xizmatlar bilan yaqin hamkorlik qiladi. So'nggi yillarda Prezident Shavkat Mirziyoyev rahbarligida keng ko'lamli modernizatsiya jarayoni amalga oshirilmoqda: zamonaviy qurol-yarog'lar, dronlar (UAV), sun'iy intellekt texnologiyalari, robotlashtirilgan tizimlar va avtomatlashtirilgan boshqaruv vositalari joriy etilmoqda. 2025-yilda Global Firepower reytingida O'zbekiston 145 davlat orasida 58-o'rinni egallab, Markaziy Osiyodagi eng qudratli armiyalardan biri sifatida tan olinmoqda. Mudofaa byudjeti taxminan 2,8-3 milliard dollarni tashkil etib, xalqaro hamkorlik va o'quv mashqlari orqali salohiyat doimiy oshirilmoqda. Qurolli Kuchlar nafaqat mudofaa vazifalarini bajaradi, balki mintaqaviy barqarorlikka ham hissa qo'shmoqda.

Annotation

The Armed Forces of the Republic of Uzbekistan were established in 1992 following independence, dedicated to safeguarding national sovereignty, territorial integrity, and the peaceful life of the population. They comprise Ground Forces, Air and Air Defence Forces, operating in close coordination with the National Guard, border troops, and special services. In recent years, under President Shavkat Mirziyoyev's leadership, extensive modernization has been implemented, including advanced weaponry, drones (UAVs), artificial intelligence technologies, robotic systems, and automated command structures. In 2025, Uzbekistan ranks 58th out of 145 countries in the Global Firepower index, recognized as one of Central Asia's strongest militaries. The defense budget is approximately \$2.8–3 billion, with enhanced international partnerships and joint exercises. The Armed Forces not only fulfill defensive roles but also contribute to regional stability.

Аннотация

Вооружённые силы Республики Узбекистан были сформированы в 1992 году после провозглашения независимости и предназначены для защиты суверенитета, территориальной целостности и мирной жизни населения. Они включают Сухопутные войска, Войска противовоздушной обороны и Военно-воздушные силы, тесно сотрудничая с Национальной гвардией, пограничными войсками и специальными службами. В последние годы под руководством Президента Шавката Мирзиёева проводится масштабная модернизация: закупка современного вооружения, беспилотников (UAV), технологий искусственного интеллекта, роботизированных систем и автоматизированных командных центров. В 2025 году по рейтингу Global Firepower Узбекистан занимает 58-е место среди 145 стран, оставаясь одной из самых мощных армий Центральной Азии. Оборонный бюджет

составляет около 2,8–3 млрд долларов, усиливается международное сотрудничество и совместные учения. Вооружённые силы не только выполняют оборонительные задачи, но и способствуют региональной стабильности.

Kalit soʻzlar:

Oʻzbekiston Qurolli Kuchlari, Quruqlik qoʻshinlari, Harbiy havo kuchlari, Havo mudofaasi, Modernizatsiya, Dronlar va AI, Milliy gvardiya, Mudofaa vazirligi, Shavkat Mirziyoyev, Markaziy Osiyo, Global Firepower 2025, Vatan himoyachilari.

Key words:

Uzbekistan Armed Forces, Ground Forces, Air and Air Defence Forces, Modernization, Drones and AI, National Guard, Ministry of Defense, Shavkat Mirziyoyev, Central Asia, Global Firepower 2025, Military strength.

Ключевые слова:

Вооружённые силы Узбекистана, Сухопутные войска, Военно-воздушные силы, Противовоздушная оборона, Модернизация, Дроны и ИИ, Национальная гвардия, Министерство обороны, Шавкат Мирзиёев, Центральная Азия, Global Firepower 2025, Защитники Отечества.

Email: muxtorovaruxshona@gmail.com

©2025. Teshaboyeva Nafisa, Muxtorova Ruxshona

Published by Fast support and result LLC. This is an open access article under the CC BY-NC-ND license



[Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivatives 4.0 International License.](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/)

Introduction

The Army of the Republic of Uzbekistan is a key institution that ensures the protection of the country's independence, sovereignty, and territorial integrity. Since the declaration of independence in 1991, Uzbekistan has paid special attention to the formation and continuous development of its national armed forces. The establishment of a strong army became one of the main priorities of the young state, as national security is the foundation of political stability and sustainable development. Over the years, the Armed Forces of Uzbekistan have undergone large-scale reforms aimed at modernizing military structures, improving professional training, and equipping the army with modern military technology. Particular attention has been given to strengthening discipline, enhancing the social protection of military personnel,

and developing a sense of patriotism and responsibility among soldiers and officers. Military education institutions play an important role in preparing highly qualified specialists who are capable of meeting modern security challenges. Today, the Uzbek army is not only responsible for defending state borders but also actively participates in ensuring internal security and maintaining peace and stability in the region.



Cooperation with international partners,

participation in joint exercises, and the adoption of advanced military experience contribute to the army's development in accordance with global standards. Thus, the Army of the Republic of Uzbekistan serves as a reliable guarantee of national security and reflects the country's commitment to peace, stability, and progressive development.

The main part

The Armed Forces of the Republic of Uzbekistan consist of several main branches, including the Ground Forces, Air and Air Defense Forces, Special Operations Forces, and other supporting military units. Each branch has specific duties aimed at ensuring the country's defense capability and rapid response to potential threats. The Ground Forces play a leading role in protecting land borders, while the Air and Air Defense Forces ensure control of airspace and protect strategic facilities. The Special Operations Forces are trained to carry out complex missions that require high levels of professionalism and readiness. One of the most important directions in the development of the Uzbek army is military reform and modernization. In recent years, the government has implemented systematic reforms to improve command structures, introduce modern military technologies, and strengthen combat readiness. Military training programs have been updated in accordance with international standards, focusing on practical skills, discipline, and physical preparedness. Regular military exercises help improve coordination among units and prepare personnel for real-life security challenges. Military education and personnel training hold a special place in strengthening the Armed Forces. Uzbekistan has established specialized

military academies and training centers that provide professional education for officers and soldiers. These institutions focus on developing leadership qualities, strategic thinking, and technical knowledge. In addition, attention is given to moral and psychological training, which is considered essential for maintaining discipline and unity within the army. The social protection and welfare of military personnel is another key aspect of army development. The state provides servicemen and their families with housing, healthcare, and social guarantees, which increases motivation and loyalty to military service. Improving living conditions and recognizing the honorable status of soldiers contribute to building a professional and dedicated army. Furthermore, the Army of the Republic of Uzbekistan actively cooperates with foreign countries and international organizations in the field of defense and security. Participation in joint military exercises, exchange of experience, and regional security initiatives help strengthen mutual trust and stability. Such cooperation allows the Uzbek army to adopt advanced practices while promoting peace and security both regionally and globally.



Conclusion

In conclusion, the Army of the Republic of Uzbekistan represents a fundamental pillar of the state's national security and sovereignty. Since independence, the country has made significant efforts to

establish a modern, professional, and well-organized military force capable of responding effectively to both traditional and non-traditional security threats. Continuous reforms, modernization of military equipment, and improvements in command and control systems have strengthened the operational capacity of the Armed Forces. Moreover, special attention to military education, discipline, and moral values has contributed to the formation of highly qualified and motivated military personnel. The provision of social guarantees and support for servicemen and their families further enhances the prestige of military service and ensures long-term stability within the armed forces. At the same time, Uzbekistan's active engagement in international military cooperation and regional security initiatives reflects its commitment to peace, mutual trust, and collective security. Overall, the Army of the Republic of Uzbekistan not only serves as a reliable defender of the nation's borders but also acts as an important factor in maintaining internal stability and promoting regional peace. Its ongoing development and adaptation to modern challenges demonstrate the country's determination to protect its national interests while pursuing a peaceful and secure future.

REFERENCES:

1. Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan. (2019). Tashkent: National Legal Information Center of the Republic of Uzbekistan.
2. Ministry of Defense of the Republic of Uzbekistan. (2020). The Armed Forces of Uzbekistan: Structure and Development. Tashkent.
3. Karimov, I. A. (2015). Uzbekistan on the Path of Strengthening National Security. Tashkent: Uzbekistan Publishing House.
4. Kamilov, A. (2018). Military Reforms and Defense Policy in Uzbekistan. Tashkent: Academy of Armed Forces.
5. Cornell, S. E., & Swanström, N. (2016). Uzbekistan and Regional Security in Central Asia. Washington: Central Asia-Caucasus Institute.
6. Rashidov, F. (2019). Modernization of the Armed Forces of Uzbekistan. Tashkent: Military Scientific Journal.
7. United Nations. (2021). Regional Security and Peacekeeping Cooperation in Central Asia. New York.